Study	Prospective Study of Proton Beam Craniospinal Radiotherapy in Children with Newly-Diagnosed Medulloblastoma - Assessment of Acute and Long Term Sequelae and quality of life
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Additional Info	
Institution	National Cancer Center Korea
Recruitment Status	Study Start Date: March 15, 2005
	Estimated Primary Completion Date: April 7, 2015
	Estimated Study Completion Date: December 2016
	Estimated Enrollment: Ongoing, but not recruiting
Study Purpose	PURPOSE: This phase II trial is studying how well proton beam radiation therapy works in treating young patients who have undergone biopsy or surgery for medulloblastoma or pineoblastoma.
Primary Aims	1. To assess the acute and late sequalae and the quality of life of the children treated by proton beam treatment
Secondary Aims	To determine the tumor control probability of the children treated proton beam therapy compared with the historical control rates.
	To evaluate the radiation (and chemotherapy) induced neurocognitive and endocrine function in a systematic way.
	To improve compliance with long-term quality of life and functional status data submission.
Methods	normalization point/dose prescription : 23.4 - 36 Gy equivalent dose (GyE)/13-20F to the target volume using 1.8 GyE equivalent fractional dose according to the risk of the patients
	AR (Average-risk) : 32 GyE/16F boost to the primary site, 23.4 GyE CSRT> primary site 55.4 GyE/29F/6wks
	HR(High-risk): 20 GyE/10F boost to the primary site, 36 GyE CSRT> 56 GyE/30F/6wks
	M1 : 36 GyE CSRT
	M2-3 : 36GyE for the children age<5, 39GyE for children≥5
	Boost to the metastatic site up to 46.8 GyE ~ 54 GyE can be given depending on the age and the disease sites

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Eligibility	Patients in 3 <age≤ 18="" kspno-m051="" m052="" m0~m3="" scheme<="" td="" the="" treated="" under="" with=""></age≤>
	1≤Age≤3 with M1~3 with planned radiotherapy after PBSCT or patients with less than 50% response to pre-PBSCT chemotherapy
	Any age with relapsed disease in the craniospinal axis who was not irradiated in the initial treatment- For these group of patients, the proton beam treatment described here is either used as a treatment guideline, or as a component of KSPNO-53
	Other primitive neuroectodermal tumors (PNET) and atypical teratoid rhabdoid tumors (ATRT)
	Histologic Confirmation for medulloblastoma; written informed consent
Exclusion Criteria	Patients who were irradiated to the tolerance dose of the neural tissues of the involved site
	Patients who are pregnant or breast-feeding will not be eligible.